



**RN-6241**

**B. E. - II (Sem. III) (I.T.) Examination**

**May / June - 2010**

**Elements of Electrical Engineering**

Time : Hours]

[Total Marks :

**Instructions :**

(1)

नीचे दर्शाविए निशानीवाणी विगतो उत्तरवडी पर अवश्य कपवी. Fillup strictly the details of signs on your answer book.	Seat No. :
Name of the Examination :	<input type="text"/>
<input type="text" value="B. E. - 2 (Sem. 3) (IT)"/>	<input type="text"/>
Name of the Subject :	<input type="text"/>
<input type="text" value="Elements of Electrical Engineering"/>	<input type="text"/>
Subject Code No. : <input type="text" value="6"/> <input type="text" value="2"/> <input type="text" value="4"/> <input type="text" value="1"/>	<input type="text"/>
Section No. (1, 2,.....) : <input type="text" value="1&amp;2"/>	<input type="text"/>
	Student's Signature

- (2) Answer to the two sections must be written in separate answer books.
- (3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- (4) Attempt all questions.
- (5) Students must use FX-100W casio or equivalent scientific calculator.

**SECTION - I**

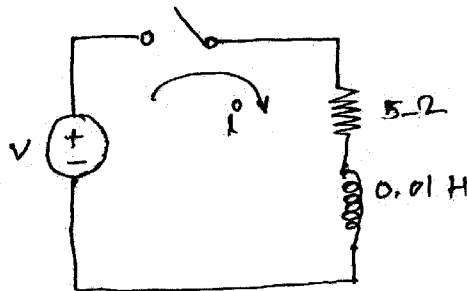
- 1 (a) Answer in short (each 2 marks) **10**
- (i) What is the different between a DC shunt motor and a DC Compound Motor?
- (ii) What is the function of Conservator and Airbreather for a transformer?
- (iii) How can we change the direction of rotation of induction motor?
- (iv) Where does the eddy current flow in a transformer?
- (v) What are the various types of insulations used in transformers?
- (b) Write a note on Losses in DC machines. **6**
- 2 (a) Derive the equivalent circuit of induction motor. **8**  
How can the parameters of the equivalent circuit to be found out? Explain the tests in detail.
- (b) Describe various methods of Starting Induction Motor. **8**

**OR**

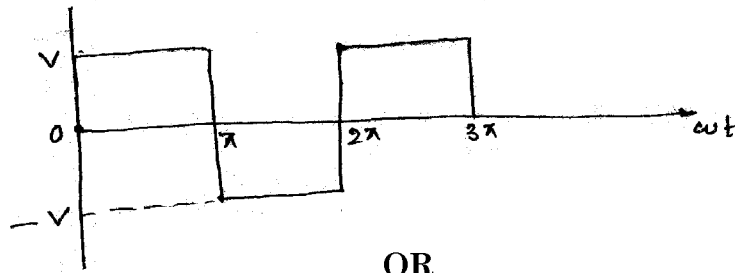
- 2 (a) Draw the complete vector diagram of a transformer for (1) Unity and (2) Lagging power factor.
- (b) The following readings were obtained from O.C. and S.C. tests on 8 kVa, 400/120 V 50 Hz transformer.  
 Open circuit : 120 V, 4 Amp., 75 W on primary  
 Short Circuit : 9.5V, 20 A, 110 W on secondary.  
 Find out the equivalent ckt. Parameters and draw the equivalent circuit. 8
- 3 Attempt any **three** : 18
- (a) Write a short note on "Speed control of DC Shunt Motor".
- (b) Draw the speed torque characteristics of an induction motor and explain in detail.
- (c) Compare 3 phase squirrel cage induction motor and 3 phase slipring induction motor.
- (d) Write a short note on Construction of Transformer explaining the function of various parts.
- (e) Write a short note on Construction and working principle of DC Motor.

## SECTION - II

- 1 (a) Attempt all questions :
- (i) State Kirchhoff's current law 2
- (ii) State Thevenin's theorem. 2
- (iii) Mutual Inductance =  $M = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ . 1
- (iv) Find and match the dual of the given quantity. 5
- |                   |                   |
|-------------------|-------------------|
| (i) Current       | (a) Node          |
| (ii) Mesh         | (b) Open circuit  |
| (iii) Loop        | (c) Capacitor (C) |
| (iv) Inductor (L) | (d) Voltage       |
| (v) Short circuit | (e) Node pair     |
- (b) In the series RL circuit shown in figure, the source is  $V = 100 \sin (500 t + \phi)$  (V). Determine the resulting current if the switch is closed at a time corresponding to  $\phi = 0$ . 8

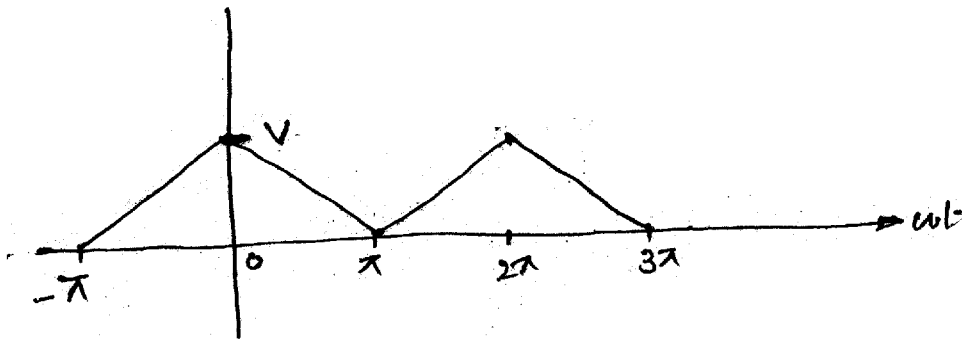


- 2 Find the trigonometric fourier series for the square wave 14  
shown in figure below and plot the line spectrum.

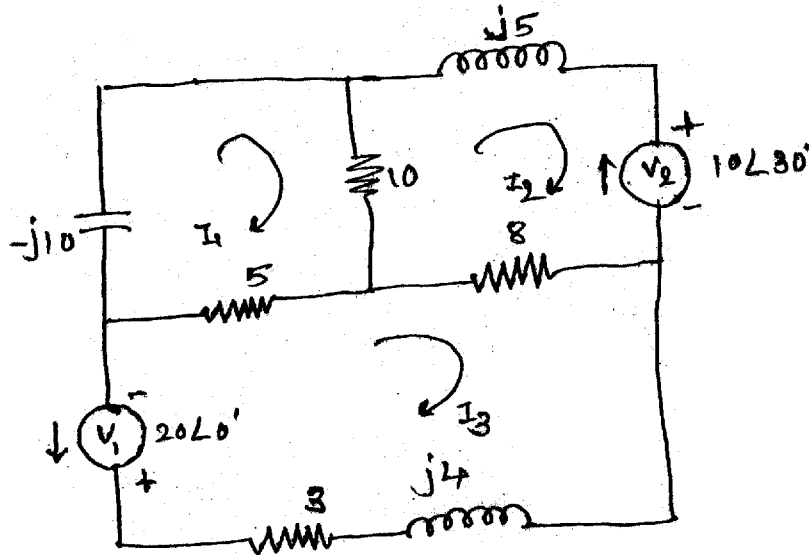


OR

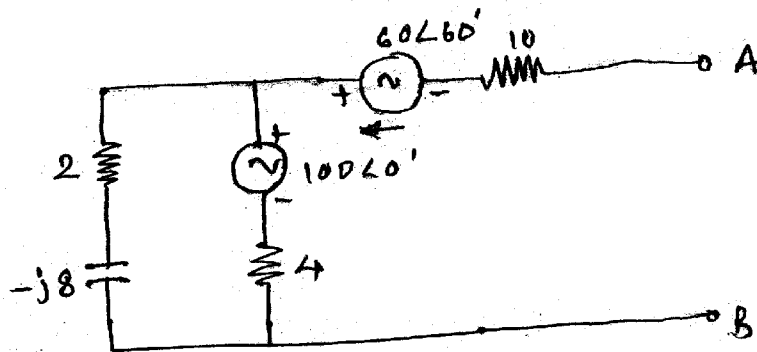
- 2 Find the trigonometric fourier series for the triangular 14  
wave shown in figure and plot the line spectrum.



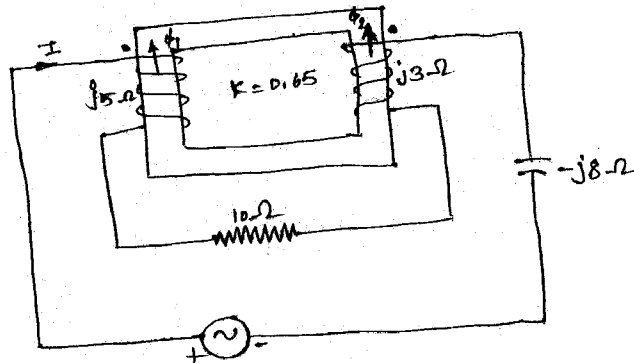
- 3 Attempt any three : 18  
(i) Write the three mesh current equations for the network  
shown in figure.



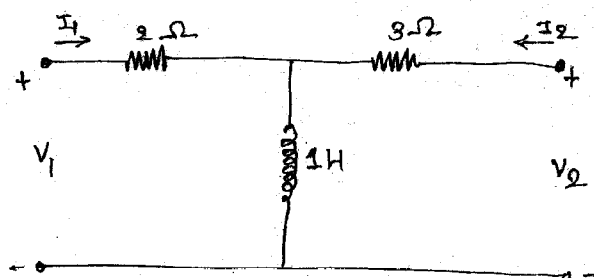
- (ii) Find the Thevenin's equivalent circuit at terminal AB of the circuit shown in Figure.



- (iii) Find the current  $I$  supplied by the source for the following circuit.



- (iv) Find the Z parameters of the two port circuit shown in figure.



- (v) Find the laplace transform of the following :  
 (a)  $e^{-at} \cos wt$ , where,  $a$  is a constant  
 (b)  $1 - e^{-at}$  where,  $a$  is a constant